



# Industry 4.0

The vision for advanced manufacturing



सत्यमेव जयते

**MISSION & VISION**



## Ubiquitous Information Availability

Our life is deeply affected by many new technologies which have reached a sufficient level of maturity!



WLAN, Bluetooth, UMTS...

SmartPhones, PDA's, SubNotebooks...

Speech interaction, gesture control...

From telephone to VoIP...

**The Internet of Things...**

Information will be available  
**anywhere, anytime, with any content, for any user**  
using any device and any access



A photograph of four business professionals (two men and two women) standing in a row, looking out a large window at a city skyline. They are holding laptops. The scene is reflected on the glossy floor. The text "The factory of tomorrow will be smart" is overlaid in white, with a red arrow pointing right at the end.

The factory  
of tomorrow will be smart

## Everything gets smart

Smart phones



Smart Homes



Smart Cars



Smart Factories

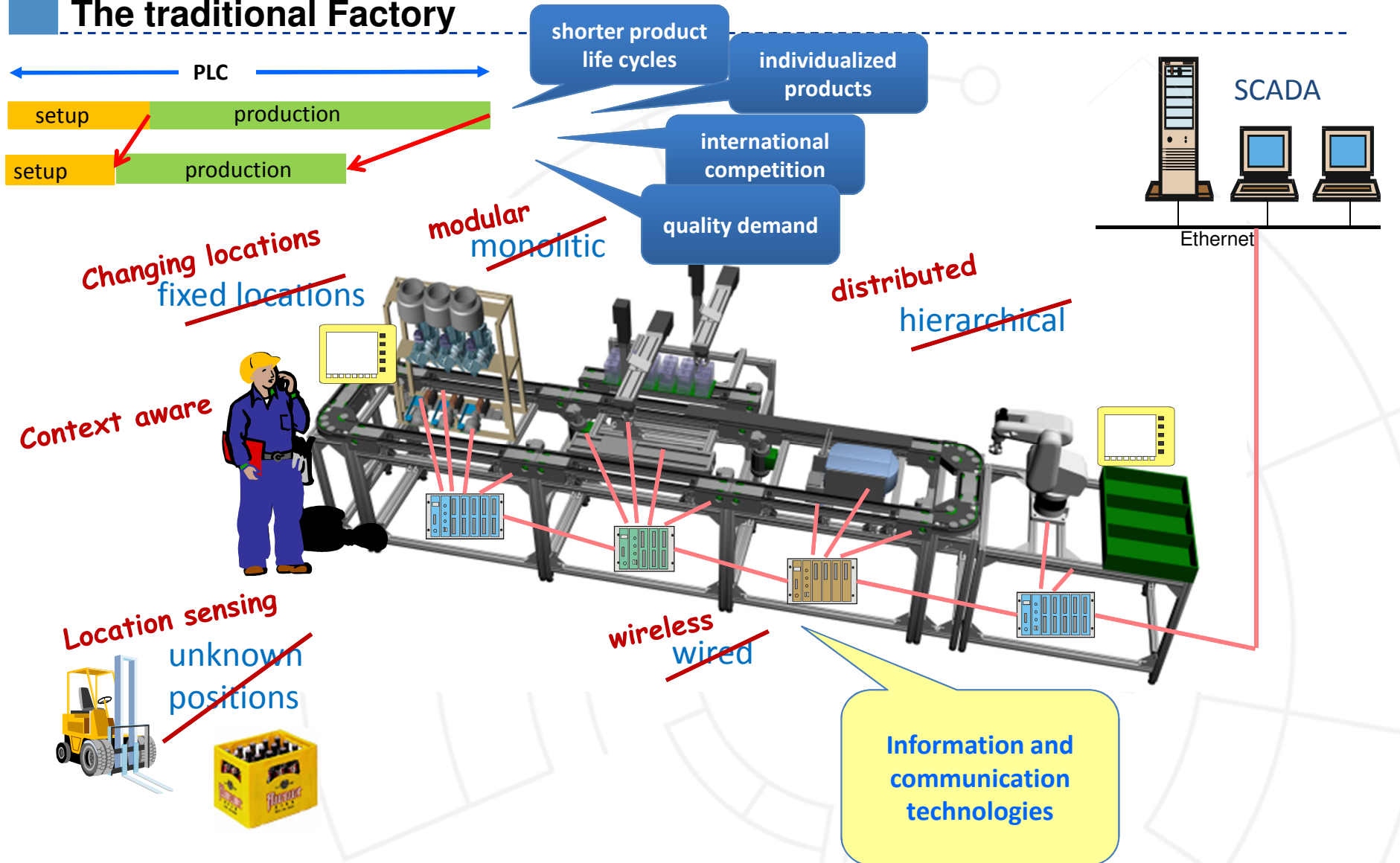


Market  
Pull

Technology  
Push

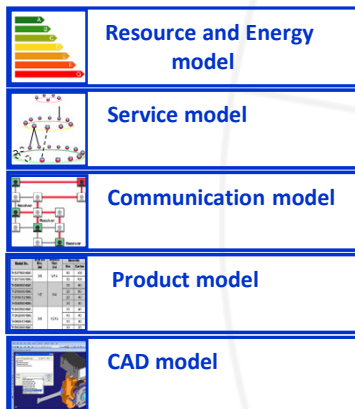
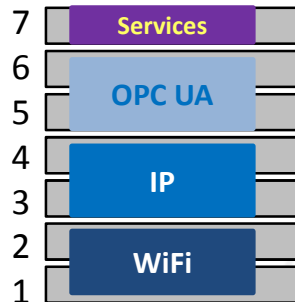


## The traditional Factory



## Future Products must...

...have a standardized network interface



...be described by models

...have a unique identity and memory (by birth)

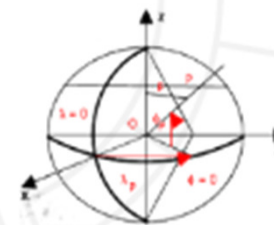


IP<sub>v6</sub> [2001:0db8:85a3:08d3:1319:8a2e:0370:7344]



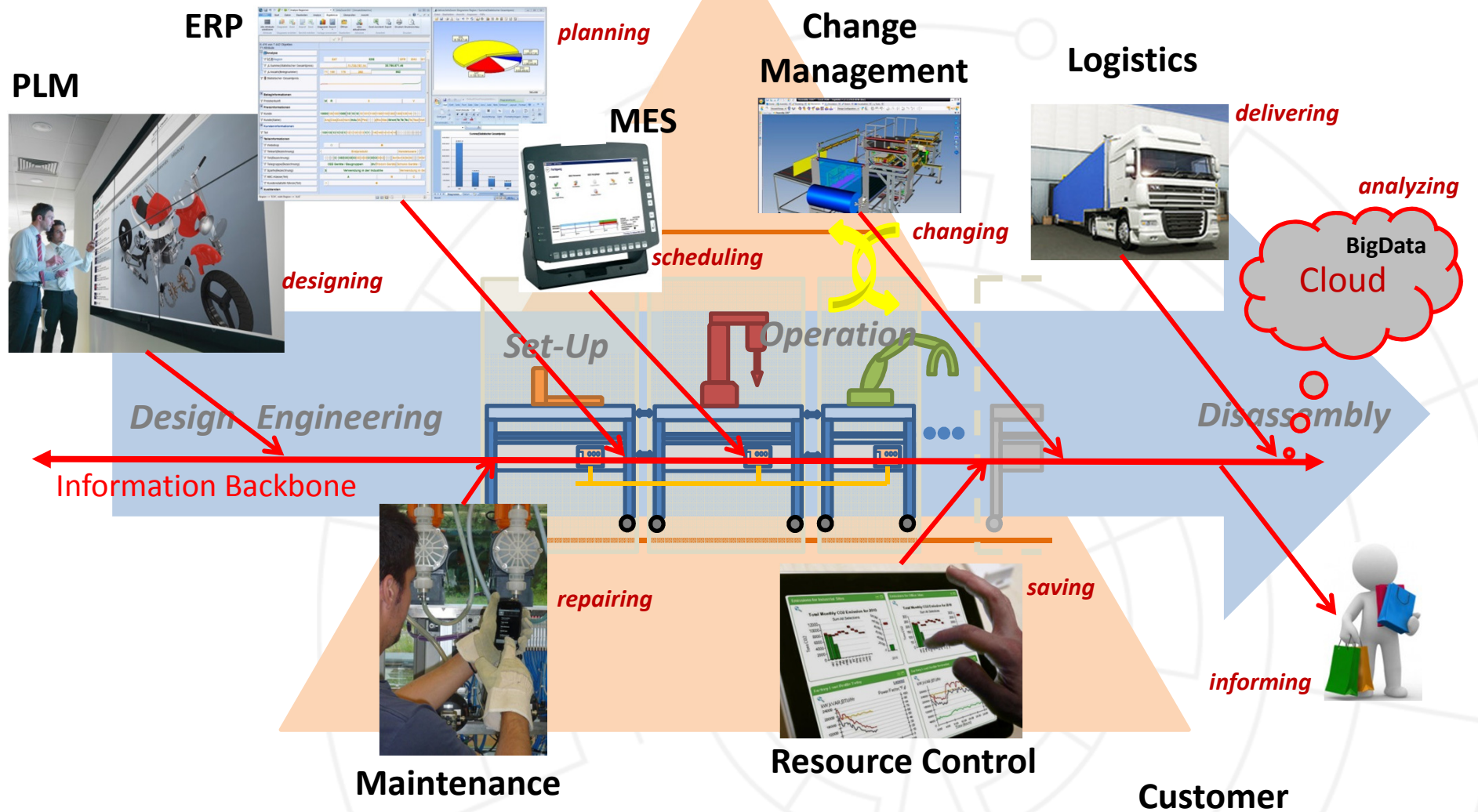
...be treated as abstract objects

...offer autonomy



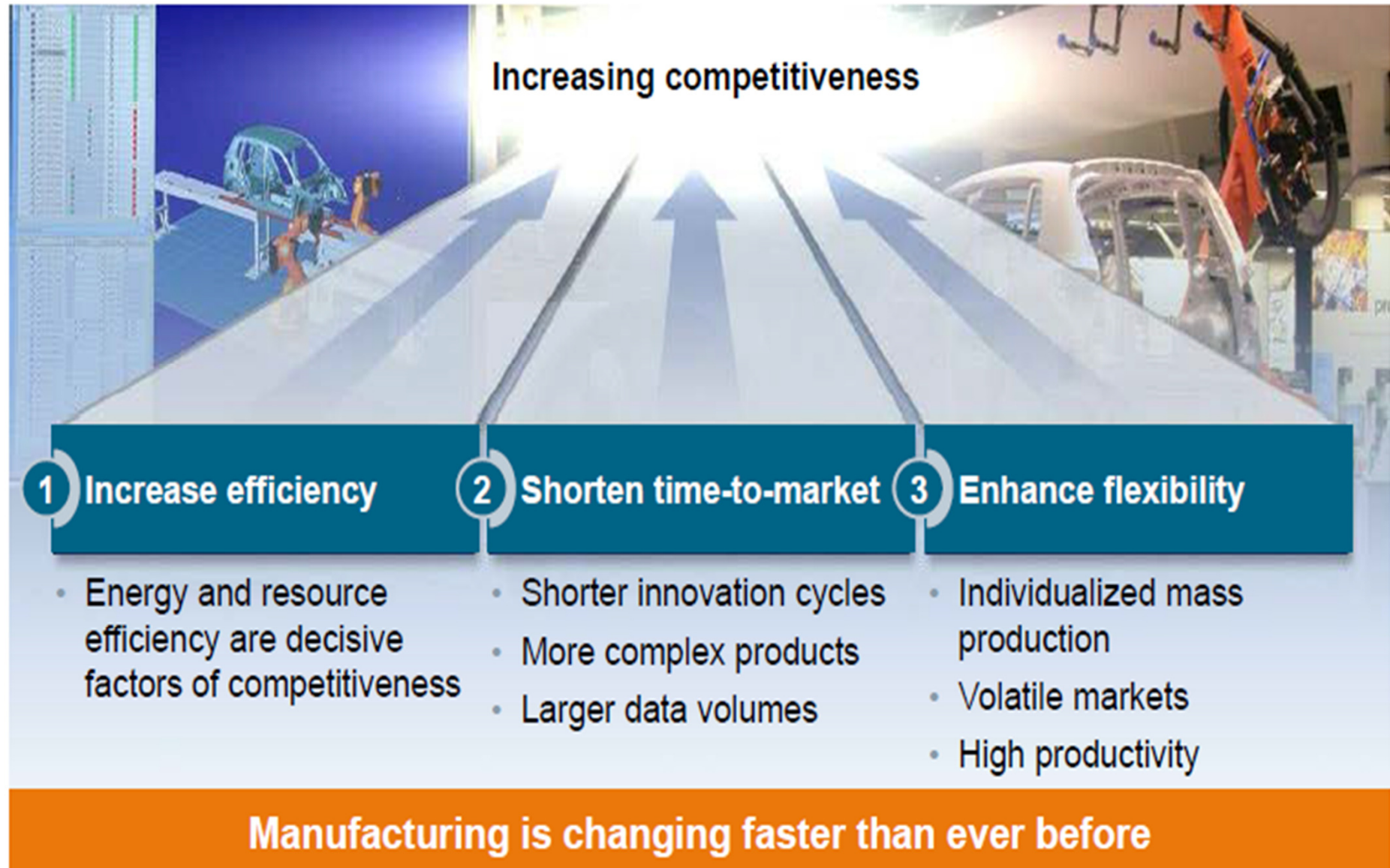
...be locatable at all times

## I 4.0 is affecting the complete lifecycle





# Challenges for industry are growing worldwide



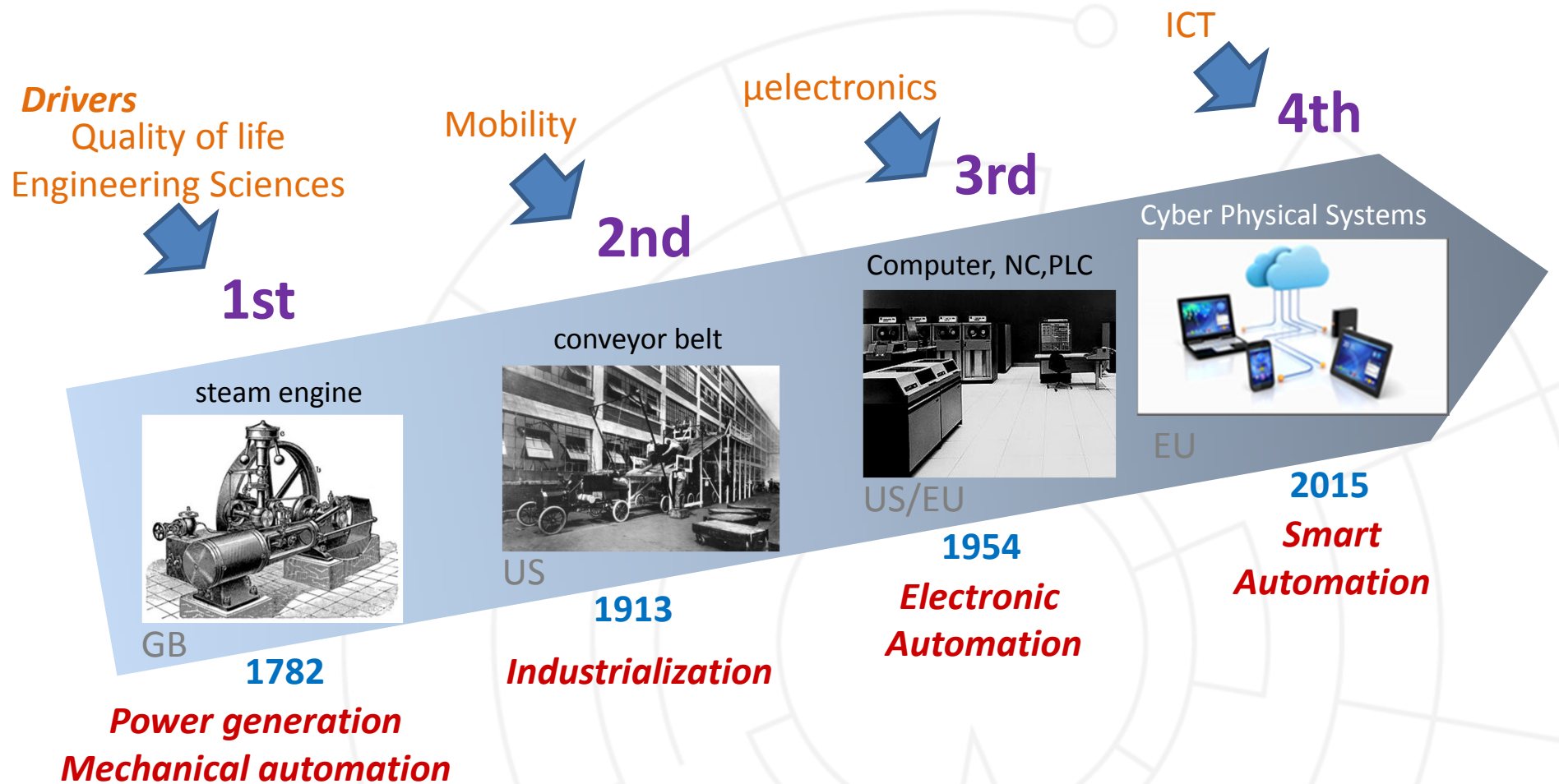
# Industrie 4.0

The 4<sup>th</sup> industrial revolution...

...or just another Hype?

Industry 4.0 is smart devices turning into smart products turning into smart factories.

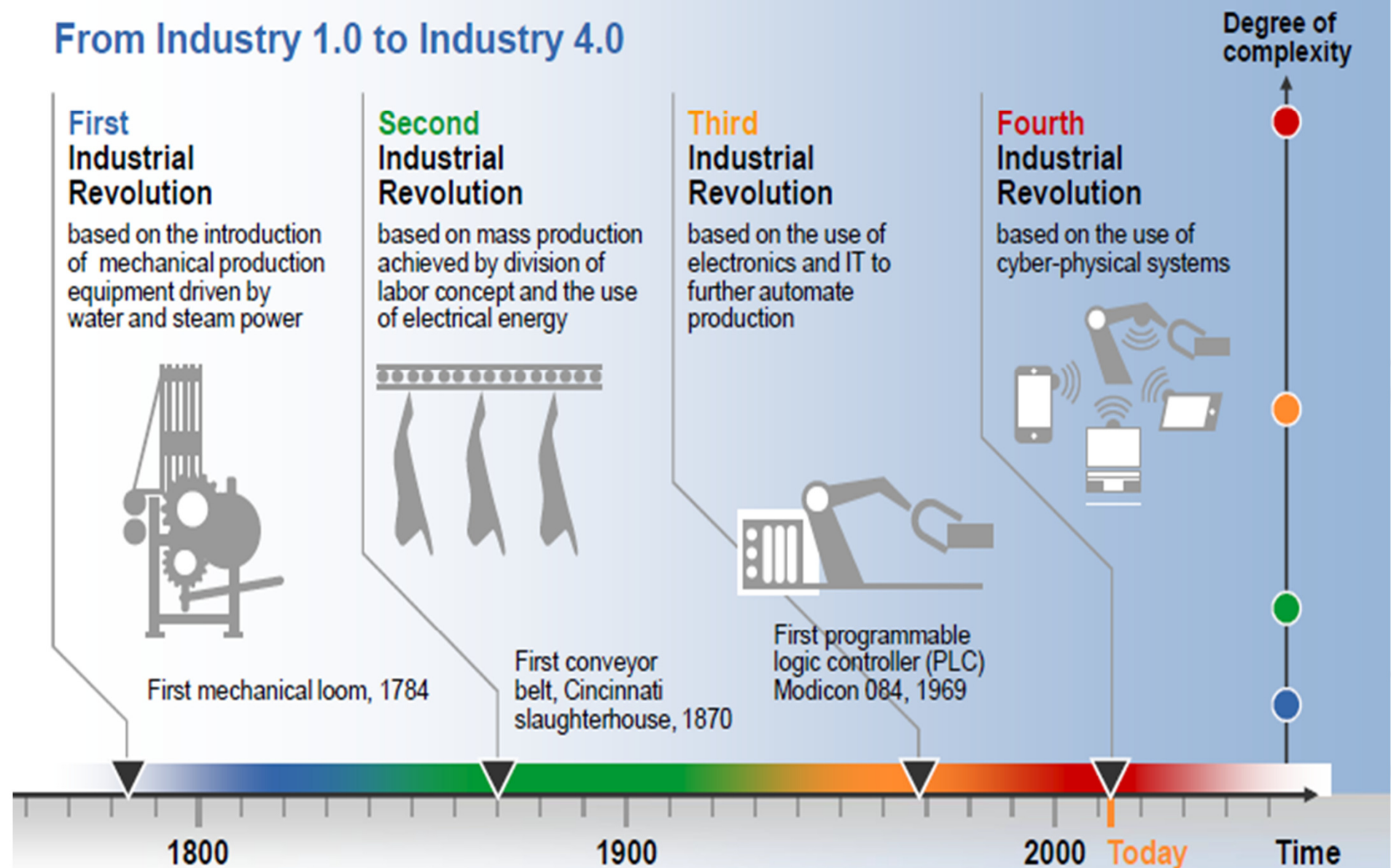
## The 4th Industrial Revolution - „Industry 4.0“



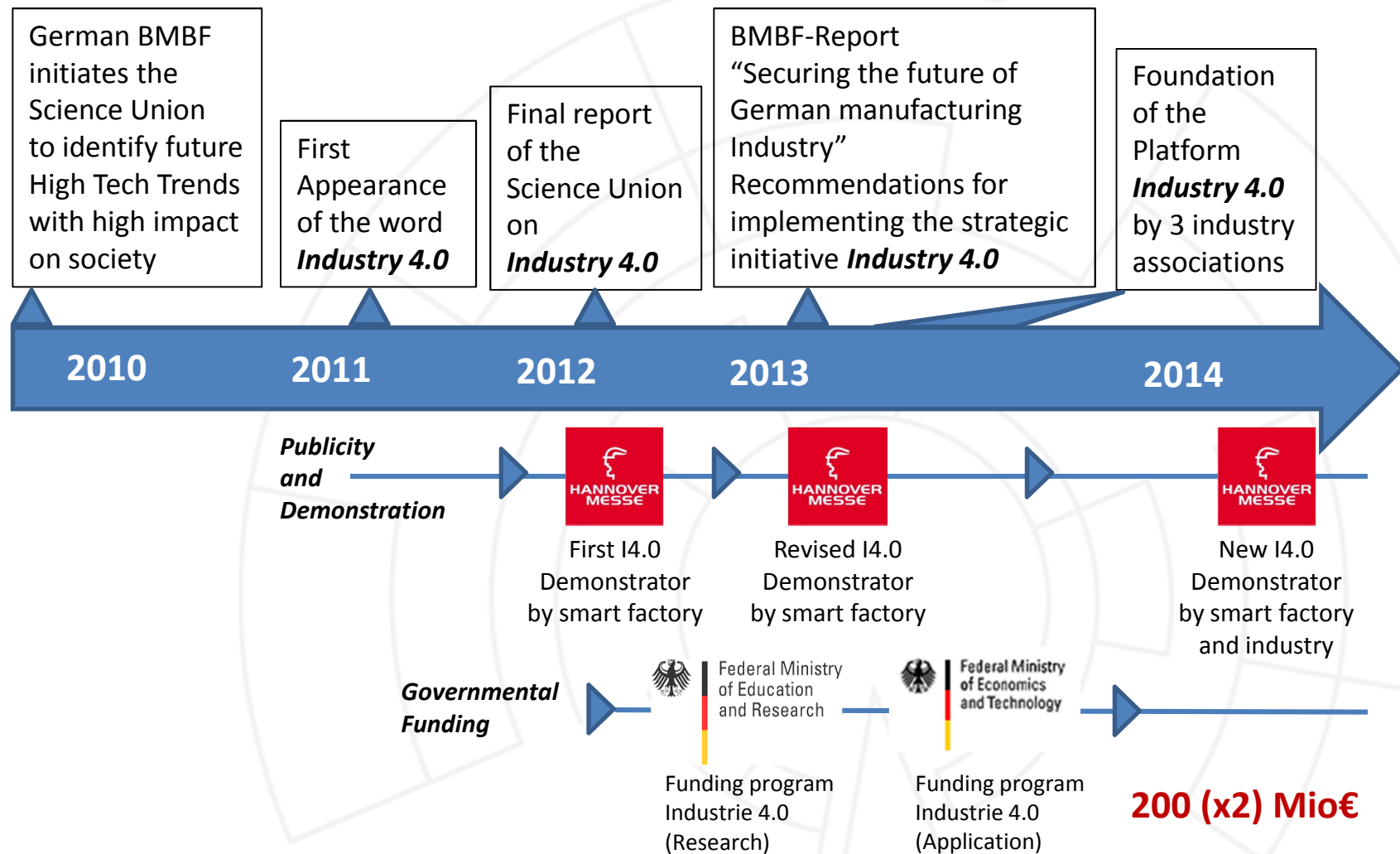


# The evolution to Industry 4.0 in production

## From Industry 1.0 to Industry 4.0



## History Industrie 4.0



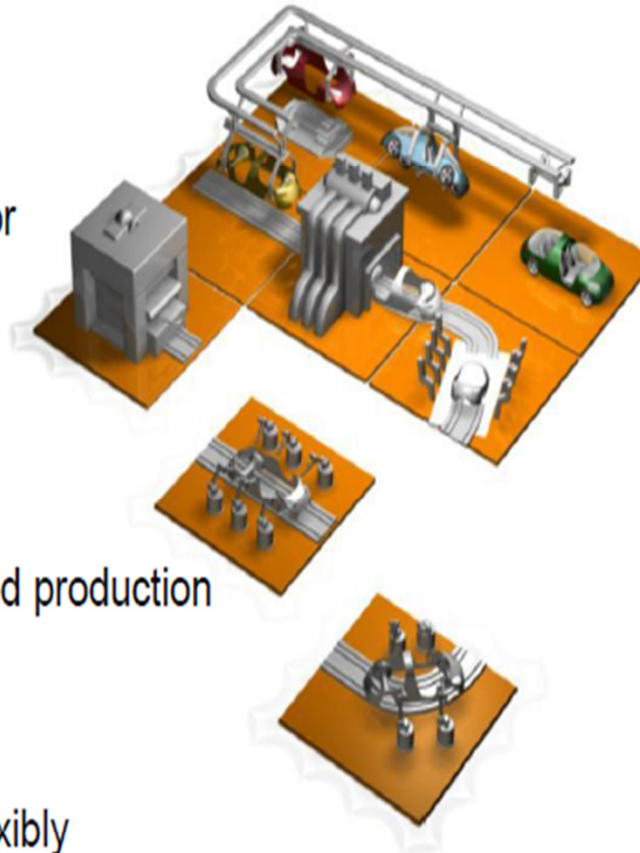
## Digitalization creates new, efficient, fast and flexible networks

### “Smart” products

- The product to be manufactured has all the necessary information for every step of its production.

### Autonomous production facilities

- Optimized organization of networked production facilities taking into account the entire value chain
- Production steps are configured flexibly in response to changing situations



### Development phases

1.0	Mechanical manufacturing and infrastructure
2.0	Mass production Semi-automated infrastructure
3.0	Electronics, PLCs, IT Intelligent infrastructure
4.0	Cyber-physical systems Fully integrated infrastructure

Reduction of complexity due to “smarter” structures.



## Why should India invest in this Program ?

India today is in a leading position in production of goods  
as well as the production of equipment

*We must  
stay ahead*

The world market is undergoing rapid changes  
Labor cost, quality demand, individualized products,  
shorter product life cycles

*We need  
smart solutions*

India must keep production in India  
or even get production back from low-cost countries

*It's essential  
for our economy*

**Manufacturers will be faced with key decisions on how they plan to compete in this new marketplace that favors competing on value over competing on price.**

## Benefits from Industry 4.0 for the Indian economy

- Helps keeping production in India
- Helps Indian companies to compete successfully
- Brings leadership on world markets
- Needs skilled workers and gives employment
- Speeds up the production setup process
- A knowledge-based high-tech approach
- Reduces complexity

*But...*

- Needs a long term commitment
- Is a major upheaval and not a smooth change
- Is not a single industry solution but has widespread impact
- Needs new skills
- Needs interdisciplinary collaboration
- Is closely linked to *Cloud* and *Big Data*

## The market for industrial IT and software is expanding by about 8% each year

Billion EUR





# Industrie 4.0 will move the manufacturing industry towards a service business model.

Large german car manufacturers generate more than 50 percent of revenue from aftersales

**Trend towards service**

In Manufacturing there are two successful strategies, be the price leader or the quality leader.

**Manufacturing Business Model is limited**

Industrie 4.0 is the enabler for the transformation from a manufacturing to a service business model

Apple did the transformation:



What do Bosch, BMW or Gillette need to do this?



?

## *Industry 4.0*

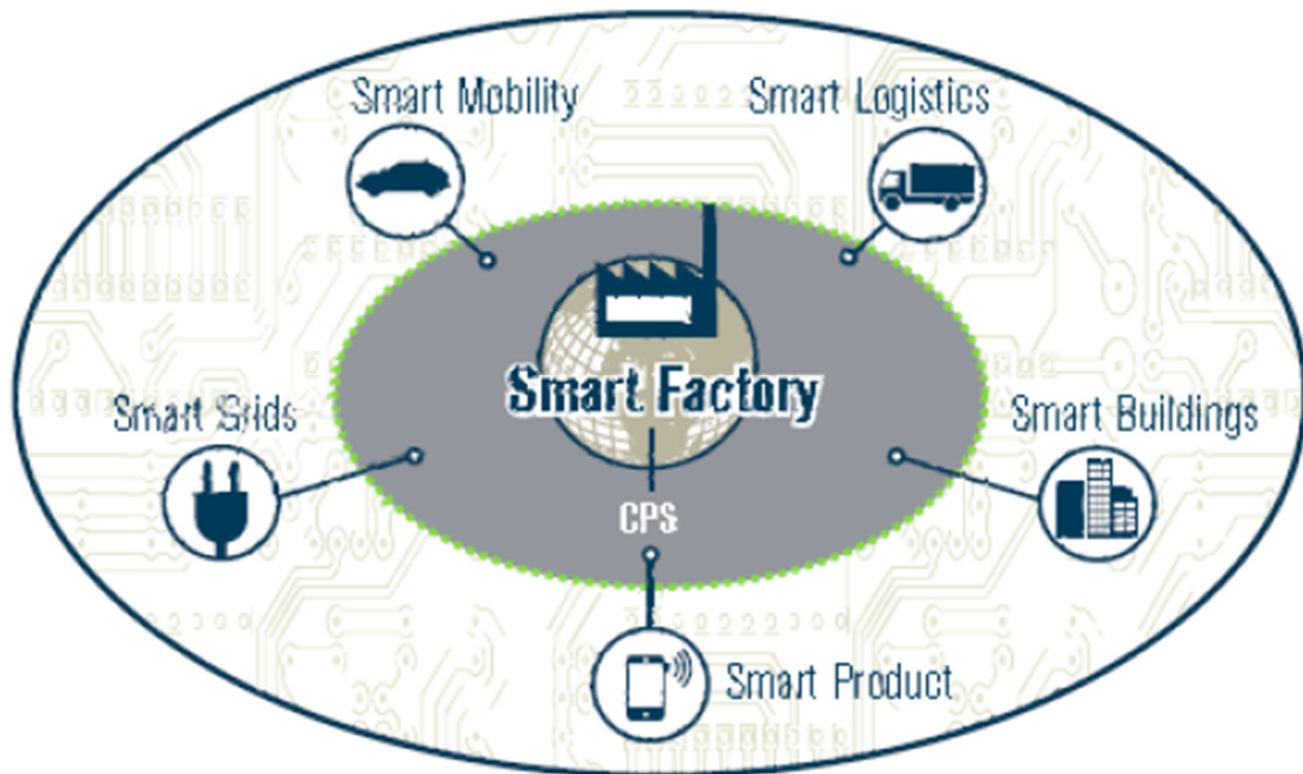
not just words but actions....

# *smartFactory*<sup>KL</sup>



# Industry 4.0 Smart Factory: Designed to sustainable and service-oriented business

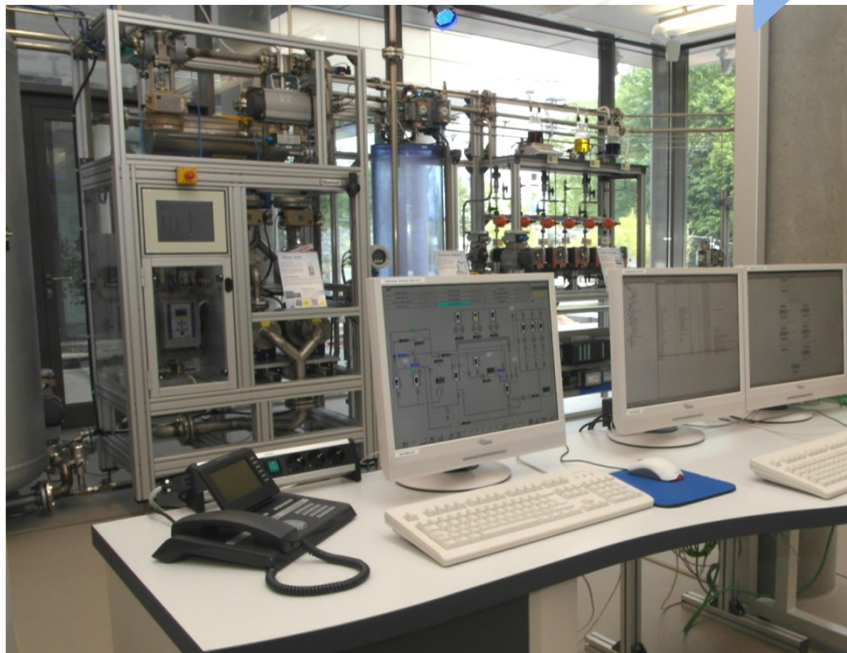
Smart factory are characterized by cyber-physical systems; providing significant real-time quality, time, resource, and cost advantages in comparison with classic production systems. Intelligent operations are through the self-optimization, self-configuration, Self-diagnosis, cognition and intelligent support of workers



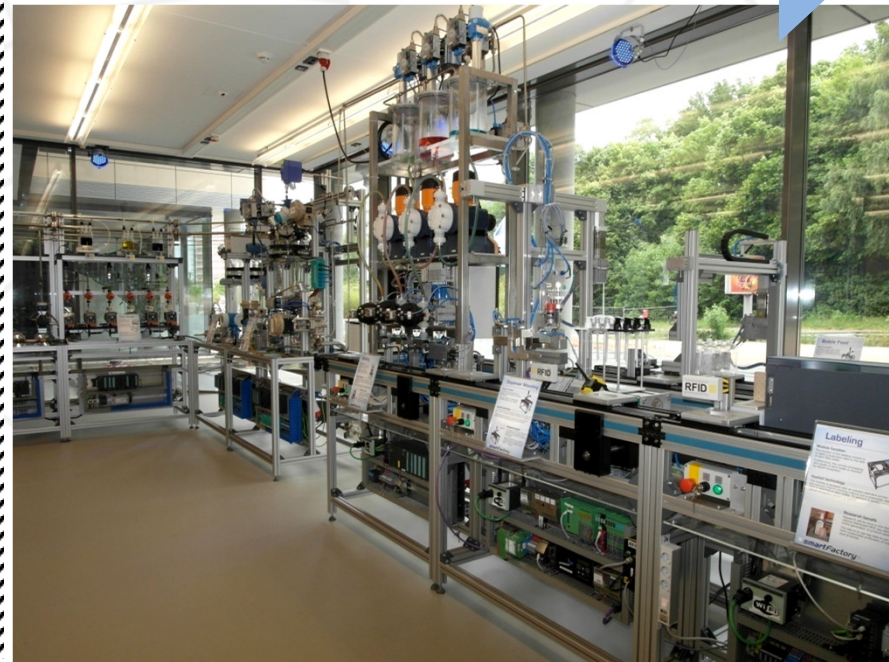


## View into the Smartfactory

**continuous flow process**  
*colored soap production*

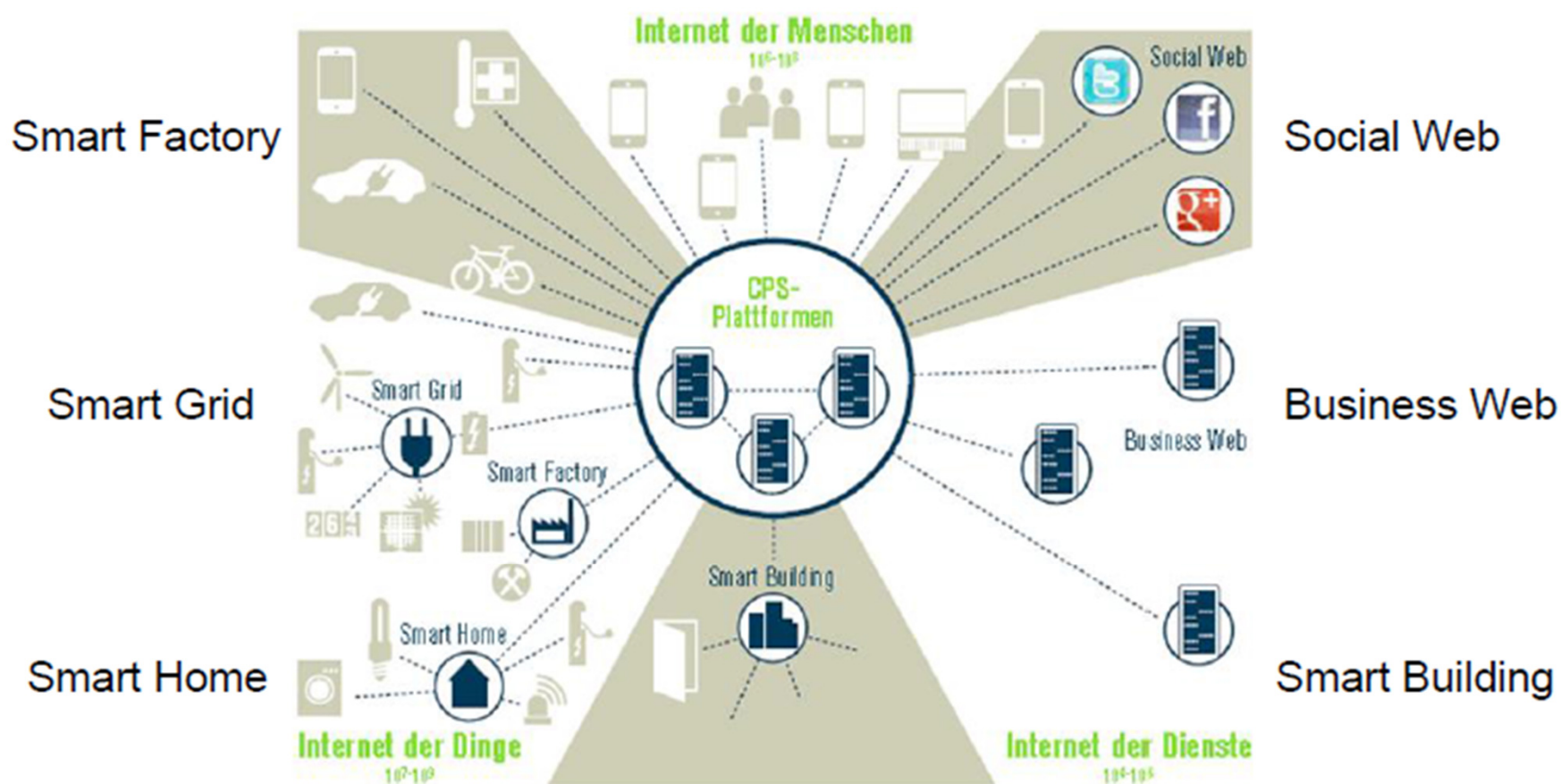


**discrete handling process**  
*bottling, handling, labeling, QC, packaging...*





# Opportunities of Industry 4.0: Based on cyber-physical systems and the Internet of Things



The ultimate goal of industry 4.0 is to establish a system with adaptability, resource efficiency and ergonomics as well as the integration of customers and supply chain partners in business and value processes. Technological basis are cyber-physical systems and the Internet of Things.

## View into the Smartfactory

**assembly process**

*Key finder production*



**augmented reality**

*Information, maintenance and control*





# **What is Smart Manufacturing?**





# A future vision

**Smart Manufacturing is:**

...the integration of data...

...with process expertise...

...to enable “evidence based” management...

...of manufacturing.





# The six elements that make “Smart Factories”

- (1) Flexible manufacturing,
- (2) Automation,
- (3) Robotics,
- (4) Computer- aided design and computer-  
aided manufacturing (CAD/CAM),
- (5) Concurrent engineering, and
- (6) Computer-integrated manufacturing.



**Concurrent Engineering**



# Flexible Manufacturing

A flexible manufacturing system is a manufacturing system that can produce a variety of products on a single production assembly line.

The typical flexible manufacturing system has three components:

1. Several workstations and a computer that controls their operations;
2. A computer-controlled transport system that moves materials from one machine to another and in and out of the system;
3. Loading and unloading stations.



# Computer-integrated Manufacturing

If there's one thing that sets the smart factory apart, it is computer-integrated manufacturing.

Computer-integrated manufacturing is a system that uses computers to control all phases of the manufacturing process and to coordinate manufacturing with ordering and shipping.

This type of manufacturing has become more important as firms have discovered that robots and automation aren't enough.





# Barriers and Enablers

## Barriers:

- incorporating and integrating customer intelligence and demand dynamics...
- the need for greater affordability...
- operator usability...
- protection of proprietary [company] data...
- systems interoperability...
- and security.

## Enablers:

- In-house integration of business and manufacturing systems
- Smart tooling and factory floor systems (CNC/PLC, AIDC)
- Real time reporting and analysis: Business Information Management
- Smart resource metering / “the smart grid”
- Adding sensors and data gathering points (Raspberry Pi and Gadgeteer etc.)
- Dynamic modelling of supply chains/networks, dynamic planning and scheduling across SME/OEM supply chain networks
- Secure data exchange



# Outcomes

Ability to **meet customer data demands** (openness, visibility, traceability)

Ability to participate in **smart supply chain networks**

Ability to **model and optimise processes** in company and across supply chains / networks (including resource use and energy use management)

Ability to **anticipate and schedule maintenance** (“improved asset management”)

Improved use of **automated monitoring** (reduce abnormal and catastrophic events)

Ability to **improve safety** monitoring and performance

Ability to **improve competitiveness** through efficiency, optimisation and agility

Manage through dashboard performance tools – **real time reporting of key performance indicators**, dynamic monitoring, dynamic visualization of critical data, like a car dashboard (including energy & resource management)

