The Nature and Role of Research and Development in Defence Preparedness

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**IIM Delhi Chapter** 

# The global perspective

- In the contemporary world, remote economic exploitation and capacity to affect the policies of the other nations has replaced physical occupation that was prevalent during 17<sup>th</sup>-20<sup>th</sup> centuries
- Technology leadership is the means and military might is a lever for remote economic exploitation
- Our national security strategy is to "Protect our national boundaries, economic interests and deter our potential adversaries against any adventurism". DRDO empowers the nation by developing defence technologies
- Technology empowerment of the nation enhances its esteem in the comity of nations and also spurs a snowballing secondary and tertiary economic growth and employment generation
- As a nation we are trying to break in the league of influential nations and have no choice but to bridge the technology gap

# **Our threats in near future**

- Aggressive marketing by major holders of technology IPs
- Faster obsolescence
- Availability of technologies (The key limitation of ToT is that only production drawings are shared whereas equipment evolution to the contemporary design is the key)
- Limited industrial capacities
- Lack of expertise within the country
- Potential of premier Academic Institutions remains largely untapped due to policy limitations

# Catch 22 for the country

- Services 15 year acquisition plan is called Long Term Integrated Perspective Plan (LTIPP), the present one covers the period 2012-2027
- DDR&D's LTTPP is in consonance with the LTIPP, for maximizing inductions of DRDO developed products.
- Services prepare the LTIPP based on their threat perception, operational directives and global visibility of systems as reported by Journals like Jane's Defence review, SIPRI, etc. This creates a catch 22 situation for DRDO. As Services project systems evolved and benchmarked elsewhere, DRDO mostly has to do the catch up
- DRDO can come out of it by showcasing customized novel indigenous systems to the Services based on technologies not reported elsewhere. Then the Services are likely to evolve their war doctrines on DRDO technologies

# **Defence R&D Leading to**



Steps in converting scientific knowledge to products for Induction



### **Department of Defence R&D Organisation**

- The largest R&D Organization in the Country (59 years old)
- Mandated to strengthen the Armed Forces
- Activities aligned with the National Defence
   Strategy
- Clustered into technological do DRDO is the R&D
- Strong partnership with
  - over 150 academic institutions,
  - 15 National S&T Agencies,
  - 8 DPSUs, OFBs, PSUs and
  - nearly 800 private sector enterprises.

back bone ADA, ATVP and many others are also there designated roles





### **DRDO: Technology Spectrum**



# **New Technology Initiatives**



# DRDO: Product Realisation Model



### **Aeronautics**











### **Systems**

Airborne Early Warning & Control Systems (AEW&C)

- Light Combat Aircraft Tejas
- UAVs- Lakshya, Rustom- I & II Electronic warfare systems erostats





#### technologies Developed

ht control laws for unstable aircraft by wire digital flight control system en architecture mission avionics mposite structure te-of-the-art avionics for combat ai







# Indian Missile Showcase



## **Material Sciences**

Conventional Metallic Alloys





Metal, Ceramic,
 Polymer Matrix
 Composites



X20P

1 5 K V





- Electronic & PhotonicMaterials
  - **Smart Materials**
  - Nanotubes
  - **Stealth Materials**





Huderabad

# **Electronic Systems**

- EW Systems- Samyukta,Sangraha, Divya Drishti

- Radars - BFSR, Revati, Aslesha, Rajendra, WLR

- Command Control & Comm. Systems;

- MMW Components & SATcom systems;

- Night Vision & electro optical instruments

- High power laser sources





### plogies Developed

- High accuracy direction finding
- High power jamming
- High accuracy multichannel receivers
- Network centric information fusion
- Multi beam & Slotted Wave guide antenna

## **COMBAT VEHICLES & ARMAMENTS**



- \* Composite Armour \* Hydro-gas suspension
- \* Autofrettaged Gun barrels \* Integrated Fire
- **Control System**
- \* Flow formed rocket motor \* FRP launch tube

### **Naval Systems**



Underwater sensors and weapons; special materials and fleet support system, oceanographic studies

**Torpedo Technologies** 

- Torpedo Propulsion Battery
- State-of-the-Art Homing System
- On-Board Computers & FCS

#### SONAR TECHNOLOGIES

- Transducer Array State-of-art Signal processing techniques for target classification
- MEMS based Hydrophone





# the Machine

- Performance
   Enhancement
- Selection
- Training
- Health
- Protection
- Clothing
- Nutrition









# **Micro Electronics & Devices**

Solid State	Microwave	Microelectron ics	
<ul> <li>32 X 32 Bolomet er</li> <li>Laser Diode Array</li> <li>GaN</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>High Power Travelin g-Wave Tube</li> <li>MPM</li> <li>Microwa</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ASICs &amp; SoC</li> <li>Embedd ed Systems</li> <li>MEMS</li> </ul>	
	Amp		















Proj	Projected Resources in LTTPP			
Cluster	Fund	Human Resources		
Naval	XXXXCr	DRDS: 151		
		DRTC: 117		
Materials	3115 Cr	DRDS: 380		
Total (For DRDO including all Clusters)	180043 Cr	DRDS: 7389 DRTC: 4217		

### Present top down approach for LTIPP requirements



### Proposed bottoms up approach beyond LTIPP/2027







### ABOUT THE PROGRAMMME

Technology Development Fund (TDF) Scheme has been established to promote Self-Reliance in Defence Technology as part of Make-in-India Initiative.

### VISION Development of Defence and Dual use Technologies



To create an *eco-system for enhancing cutting edge technology capability by inculcating R&D culture in Industry* for building indigenous state-of-art systems for defence applications.

### **ELIGIBILITY**

Public and Private Sector Industry **Especially MSMEs** that may work in collaboration with the **academia or research Institutions** to carry out innovation, research and development

### **INDIAN LAWS**

The Industry has to be owned and controlled by **Indian Citizen Industry with Excess of 49%** foreign investment will not be considered



### SCOPE OF THE PROJECTS TO BE FUNDED

•Products having **potential use** for the Tri-Services

Α

В

•Components / assemblies whose technologies doesn't exist with the Indian industry and /or need ; Significant improvement /Up-gradation

Further developments in existing products / process / application Upgrades in terms of reduced material consumption

- Improved functioning, improved quality etc. resulting in overall cost reduction.
- Technology readiness level up-gradation from **TRL-3** onwards to realization of products as per Tri-Services requirements.

Development of futuristic technologies / innovative products having defence application or dual use technology

# How to apply for TDF projects visit at : https://tdf.drdo.gov.in

- Developers / Industry can submit the proposal against the requirement only after registration, therefore they are advised to <u>Create Account</u>
- Requirements for inviting Eols can been seen as;
  - Ongoing Projects
  - Closed projects
  - Upcoming projects
  - Feasibility Study
- Accordingly within time frame Industry can submit their proposal



#### **IMPRINT - Programme DRDO** is one of the participating Department)

12

13

14

Steel

Textiles

Urban Development



#### Mandate of IMPRINT

#### AIM: INCLUSIVE GROWTH AND SELF RELIANCE

- Translation of knowledge into viable technology
- Identify major engineering challenges in 10 domains
- Domain > Themes > Targets > Topics (with 100 variants)
- Million challenges for billion minds (by crowd sourcing)
- Industry participation highly encouraged not mandatory
- Product/process ready for demonstration or deployment

#### **Million Challenges, Billion Minds**

#### **CENTRAL MINISTRIES**

#### Name of Ministry SI No

Human Resource Development 2 AYUSH Drinking Water and Sanitation Earth Science Environment, Forests and Climate Change Health and Family Welfare New and Renewable Energy Power Railwavs 10 Road Transport and Highways Rural Development 11

#### **CENTRAL GOVERNMENT** DEPARTMENTS

	SI No	Name of Department
	1	Atomic Energy
	2	Biotechnology
:	3	Defence Research and Development Organization
	4	Electronics and Information Technology
	5	Heavy Industries
	6	Indian Council of Medical Research
	7	Industrial Policy and Promotion
	8	Pharmaceuticals
	9	Science and Technology
	10	Scientific and Industrial Research
	11	Space

#### **Ten Technology Domains of IMPRINT**

#### Living world

Signatories of the MOU for IMPRINT



Technology





Sustainable habitat Technolog (urban/rural) design

Water and River Energy Security Systems

**Climate Change** 

#### **Materials world**







Advanced

Materials



Defense and Security

Nano-Science and Technology

**Computer Science** and ICT

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Thanks



